2-29 Hazardous Materials Awareness

Meet the requirements defined in NFPA472, <u>Standard for Professional Competence of</u> Responders to Hazardous Materials Incidents, Section 2-2, First Responder Awareness.

- **29-1** Identify the definition of hazardous material.
- **29-2** Describe "standard care"
- **29-3** State or organizations that receive notification of hazardous materials inventories.
- **29-4** Describe Titles I and III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
- **29-5** Identify the initial notification procedures for hazardous materials incidents in the local emergency response plan or the organization's standard operating procedures.
- **29-6** Describe the functions of the State Emergency Response Commission and the Local Emergency Planning Committee.
- **29-7** Identify the five levels of responders to hazardous materials emergencies.
- **29-8** Identify the Incident Command System.
- **29-9** Identify the role of the first responder at the awareness level during a hazardous materials incident and given the local emergency response plan or the organization's standard operating procedures.
- **29-10** Describe other rights and responsibilities afforded the worker in addition to SARA Title III.
- **29-11** Describe the life cycle of hazardous materials.
- **29-12** Identify terms used in reference to hazardous materials.
- **29-13** Identify the general routes of entry for human exposure to hazardous materials.
- **29-14** Describe the differences between
 - 29-14.1 Exposure and contamination
 - 29-14.2 Acute and chronic
 - 29-14.3 Internal and external exposure
- **29-15** Identify the ways hazardous materials are harmful (at incidents) to:
 - **29-15.1** People
 - **29-15.2** Environment
 - **29-15.3** Property
- **29-16** Identify three methods to limit exposure.
- **29-17** Identify the signs and symptoms of exposure to hazardous materials.
- **29-18** Identify the health hazards associated with hazardous materials.
- **29-19** Identify typical occupancies and locations where hazardous materials are manufactured, transported, stored, used and disposed of.
- **29-20** Identify the definitions of hazardous materials, the DOT hazard classes, common examples of materials in each hazard class and the primary hazards associated with each by hazard class.
- **29-21**. Identify typical container shapes that may indicate hazardous materials.
- **29-22** Identify markings or colors of containers that may indicate hazardous materials are present.
- **29-23** Identify U.S. placards and labels that indicate hazardous materials.

- **29-24** Identify facility and transportation markings and colors that indicate hazardous materials, including: 29-24.1 UN/NA identification numbers 29-24.2 NFPA 704 markings 29-24-3 Military hazardous materials markings 29-24.4 Special hazard communications markings 29-24.5 Pipeline markers 29-24-6 Container markings 29-25 Identify the basic information on Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) and shipping papers that indicate hazardous materials: Identify where to find MSDS 29-25.1 29-25.2 Identify entries on a MSDS that indicate the presence of hazardous materials. 29-25.3 Identify the entries on shipping papers that indicate the presence of hazardous materials. Match the name of the shipping papers found in 29-25.4 transportation (air, highway, rail, and water) with the mode of transportation. 29-25.5 Identify the person responsible for having the shipping papers in each mode of transportation. Identify where the shipping papers are found in each mode 29-25.6 of transportation. 29-25.7 Identify where the papers may be found in an emergency in each mode of transportation.
- **29-26** Identify examples of clues (other than occupancy, container shape, markings, placards, MSDS and shipping papers) that use the senses of sight, sound, and odor to indicate hazardous materials.
- **29-27** Identify the limitations of using the senses in determining the presence or absence of hazardous materials.
- **29-28** Identify difficulties encountered in determining the specific names of hazardous materials in both facilities and transportation.
- **29-29** Identify sources for obtaining the names of UN/NA identification numbers for, or type of placard associated with, hazardous materials in:
 - **29-29.1** Transportation.
 - **29-29.2** A facility

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- **29-30** Identify the three methods for determining the appropriate guide page for a specific hazardous material.
- **29-31** Identify the two general types of hazards found on each guide page.
- **29-32** Describe the difference between the isolation distances in the orange-bordered guide pages and the protective action distances in the greenbordered pages.
- **29-33** Identify the definitions for each of the following protective actions:

- **29-33.1** Isolate hazard area and deny entry
- **29-33.2** Evacuate
- **29-33.3** In-place protections
- **29-34** Identify the shapes or recommended initial isolation and protective action zones.
- **29-35** Identify the difference between small and large spills as found in the Table of Isolation Distances.
- **29-36** Identify the circumstances under which the following distances are used at hazardous materials incidents.
 - **29-36.1** Table of initial isolation and protective action distances.
 - **29-36.2** Isolation distances in the numbered guides.
- **29-37** Identify the recommended personal protective equipment for a named hazardous material.
- **29-38** Identify the five-step process developed to safely address an incident involving hazardous materials.
- **29-39** Identify the basic precautions to be taken to protect a firefighter and others in a hazardous materials incident given the local emergency response plan or the standard operating procedures of the authority having jurisdiction.